

- 1 **pretium operae facere**, to make worth the trouble, make worthwhile. Note the future active periphrastic. **-ne**: “whether”. **primordium, -i**, origin.
- 2 **perscribo, -ere, -scripsi, -scriptum**, to recount, detail. **ausim = ausus sim**, from *audeo*. The form is archaic and chiefly found in poetry. **quippe qui** = “inasmuch as I”. *quippe qui* is equivalent to a *cum* causal clause. **cum . . . tum** = both . . . and especially, not only . . . but also.
- 3 **vetus, -eris**, old, ancient. **vulgatus, -a, -um**, general, common, well-known.
- 4 **aliquis, aliqua, aliquid indef. pron.** some one, something. **affero, afferre, attuli, allatum**, to bring to, convey, produce. *allaturos = allaturos esse*. It is common to drop the *esse* in an infinitive form in indirect speech. **scribendi**: a gerund. **rudis, -e**, rough, untilled, uncultured. **vestustas, -atis f.** old age; antiquity.
- 5 **supero (I)** to surpass, excell. **utcumque adv.** in whatever way, however. **iuvo, -are, iuvi, iutum**, to delight, please; help, aid. The verb governs the complementary infinitive *consuluisse*.
- 6 **princeps, -ipis**, first, foremost, most eminent. **virilis, -e**, manly. **et adv.** also. **ipsum**: the direct object of *iuvabit* and referring to Livy (“it will please me to . . .”). **consulo, -ere, -ui, -tum**, to deliberate; decide; consult the interests of + *dat.* Here *consuluisse* governs the dative *memoriae*.
- 7 **turba, -ae**, throng, crowd.
- 8 **officio, -ere, -feci, -fectum + dat.** to stand in the way of; oppose; obstruct.
- 9 **immensus, -a, -um**, immense, boundless. **opus, -eris n.** work. **ut**: an *ut* of result. **quae = ea quae. supra + acc.** above, over, beyond. **septingentesimus, -a, -um, 700th**.
- 10 **repeto, -ere, -ivi, -itum**, to seek again; go back, derive. **exiguus, -a, -um**, scant, small, mean. **proficiscor, -i, -fectus sum**, to set out, depart, begin with. *profecta* refers to the nominative *quae*. **initium, -i n.** beginning. **eo . . . ut**: “to such a degree that”. **cresco, -ere, crevi, cretum**, to grow.
- 11 **laboro (I)** to labor, toil; suffer, be in distress. **legentium**: a substantive participle (“of readers”). **plerique, -aeque, -aque**, the greater number, most. **haud adv.** hardly, not at all. **dubito (I)** to doubt. **quin**: “but that”. A subjunctive clause with *quin* is used in negative constructions after verbs of hindering, resisting, refusing, doubting, delaying, etc.
- 12 **promixa** = “the matters closest”. **minus**: “less” (comparative of *parum*). The direct object of the verb. **praebeo, -ere, -ui, -itum**, to provide, offer, furnish. Note the future active periphrastic. **voluptas, -atis f.** pleasure. Here a partitive genitive with *minus*. **festino (I)** to hasten.
- 13 **iam pridem**, now for a long time. **praevalens, -entis**, very strong, very powerful. **vis f.** forces, vigor, strength. **conficio, -ere, -feci, -fectum**, to make, prepare; accomplish; complete; exhaust.
- 14 **contra hoc**: “on the other hand”. **praemium, -i n.** reward. **conspectus, -us m.** sight.
- 15 **tot**, so many. **aetas, -atis f.** age. **tantisper adv.** just so long. **priscus, -a, -um**, olden, ancient, old-fashioned, strict.
- 16 **averto, -ere, -i, -tum**, to turn away, avert. **expers, -ertis**, having no part in, devoid of. **etsi conj.** although.
- 17 **flecto, -ere, -xi, -xum**, to bend, turn. **verum, -i n.** the truth. **sollicitus, -a, -um**, stirred up, agitated, troubled. **efficio, -ere, -feci, -fectum**, to bring about, produce, make.
- 18 **quae = ea quae. condo, -ere, -didi, -ditum**, to store up; establish (a city). **poeticus, -a, -um**, poetical. **decus, -oris n.** beauty, glory, splendor, honor.
- 19 **incorruptus, -a, -um**, unspoiled; genuine; pure. **gero, -ere, gessi, gestum**, to bear, wear; wage (war); carry out, perform, do. **monumentum, -i n.** remembrance, memorial, monument, tomb; tradition, record.
- 20 **refello, -ere, -felli, ----**, to refute. **venia, -ae f.** favor, grace, indulgence. **antiquitas, -atis f.** antiquity. **misceo, -ere, -ui, -xtum**, to mix, mingle, blend.
- 21 **augustus, -a, -um**, sacred, majestic. **licere**: to be permitted, be allowed.
- 22 **consecro (I)** to dedicate, consecrate. **refero, -ferre, rettuli, relatum**, to carry back; report, announce; refer to, assign to, give credit; represent, recall.
- 23 **conditor, -oris m.** founder. **potissimum adv.** especially, above all. **fero, ferre, tuli, latum**, to carry, bear; relate, tell.

- 24 **tam . . . quam**, as much . . . as. **et adv.** also. **patior, -i, passus sum**, to suffer, endure; allow. **imperium, -i n.** supreme command, rule.
- 25 **similis, -e**, similar, alike. **animadverto, -ere**, to notice, observe; punish. **existimo (I)** to judge, consider, value.
- 26 **equidem adv.** truly, indeed, of course. **discrimen, -inis n.** interval; difference, importance; crisis. **mihi:** “for my part” (an ethical dative). **acriter adv.** keenly, sharply.
- 27 **intendo, -ere, -i, -tum**, to stretch, strain, exert. **mos, moris f.** custom; *pl.* morals, character.
- 28 **domi militaeque:** “at home and in the field” (a common locative). **pario, -ere, peperit, partum**, to give birth to, produce. **augeo, -ere, auxi, auctum**, to increase. **labor, labi, lapsus sum**, to slip, fall.
- 29 **paulatim adv.** gradually, little by little. **velut**, as, just as. **desideo, -ere, -sedi, -sessum**, to sit idle. **sequatur:** “let him follow” (paralleling *intendat* above). It take *mores* as its direct object. **deinde adv.** next, then.
- 30 **coepi, coepisse**, to have begun (perfect tenses only). **praeceps, -cipitis**, headlong, precipitous. **donec**, until.
- 31 **quibus:** abl. of time when. **vitium, -i n.** blemish, defect, vice. **remedium, -i n.** remedy; medicine. **pervenio, -ire, -veni, -ventum**, to arrive. Note the common impersonal construction *perventum est:* “there was a coming”.
- 32 **praecipue adv.** especially, particularly. **cognitio, -ionis f.** knowledge, acquaintance. **salubris, -e**, wholesome, salutary. **frugifer, -a, -um**, fruitful, productive. **omnis:** read with *exempli*. **te:** subject accusative of indirect speech, with *intueri* as its infinitive.
- 33 **exemplum, -i n.** copy, image, pattern, model, example. **documentum, -i n.** lesson, proof, evidence. **illustris, -e**, brilliant, distinct, distinguished. Read with *monumento*. **pono, -ere, posui, positum**, to place. **monumentum, -i n.** memorial, monument. **intueor, -eri, -itus sum**, to gaze upon. **inde adv.** from there, thence; thereupon.
- 34 **imitere = imiteris**, present subjunctive of **imitor, -ari, -atus sum**, to imitate, copy. All verbs in *-ris* (i.e., the 2nd person singular of the present, imperfect, and future tenses of deponents and the passive voice of other verbs) are often syncopated to *-re*. **capias:** a hortatory subjunctive (seen rarely in the 2nd person): “that you might gather”. *quod* is its direct object (“that which”). **foedus, -a, -um**, foul, detestable. **inceptus, -us m.** beginning, undertaking (an ablative of respect). **exitus, -us m.** outcome, result.
- 35 **vito (I)** to avoid. **ceterum adv.** for the rest, further. **negotium, -i n.** business, undertaking. **suscipio, -ere, -cepi, -ceptum**, to support, hold up; undertake, begin. **fallo, -ere, fefelli, falsum**, to deceive, cheat, trick. **umquam adv.** ever.
- 36 **dis, ditis + abl.** rich, wealthy. An alternative form of *dives, divitis*.
- 37 **serus, -a, -um**, late, tardy. Here modifying both *avaritia* and *luxuria*. **avaritia, -ae f.** avarice. **luxuria, -ae f.** extravagance, riotous living. **immigro (I)** to migrate, move into.
- 38 **paupertas, -atis f.** poverty. **parsimonia, -ae f.** thriftiness. Both datives of respect. **honos, -oris m.** honor, distinction. **adeo adv.** so much, to that degree; even, indeed. **quantus . . . tantus**, how much . . . so much. Here the ablatives are degree of difference.
- 39 **cupditas, -atis f.** longing, desire. **nuper adv.** recently, of late. **divitiae, -arum f.pl.** riches, wealth. **abundans, -antis**, overflowing, abundant. **voluptas, -atis f.** pleasure.
- 40 **desiderium, -i n.** longing, desire, yearning. **luxus, -us m.** luxury, debauchery. **libido, -inis f.** lust, lewdness. **pereo, -ire, -ii**, to pass away, perish, die. **perdo, -ere, -didi, -ditum**, to destroy, ruin.
- 41 **inveho, -ere, -vexi, -vectum**, to carry in. Note the common contraction of *invexerunt*. The subjects of the verb are *divitiae* and *abundantes voluptates*.
- 42 **querella, -ae f.** complaint. **ne . . . quidem**, not . . . even. **gratus, -a, -um**, pleasing. **futurae = futurae sunt.** **forsitan adv.** perhaps. **ordior, -iri, orsus sum**, to begin, commence. **absum, -esse, afui**, to be absent.
- 43 **potius**, rather. **omen, -inis n.** omen. **votum, -i n.** vow. **precatio, -ionis f.** beseeching, entreating.
- 44 **liben, -entis**, willing, cheerful. **incipio, -ere, -cepi, -ceptum**, to begin. **orsis**, from *ordior*.
- 45 **successus, -us m.** advance, approach; good result, success.